SUSTAINABLE TRADITIONAL ARCHITECTURE

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World Heritage in China

1. On December 12, 1985, China officially joined the "Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage";

2. In 1986, China began to apply for UNESCO World Heritage inscription UNESCO.

3. On October 29, 1999, China was elected as a member of the World Heritage Committee;
   The World Heritage Conference will also be held next year in Fuzhou, China.

Planning of Xiedian Traditional Village Protection and Regeneration

Xiedian Village is a traditional old village, surrounded by mountain and water. It is Located in Songbu Town, Macheng City, Hubei Province.
Adjacent to magnificent Weidou Lake, Xiedian Village is Like a wonderful Lost world waiting to be discovered.

Design Concept: low impact, low intervention, low consumption and low maintenance.

Ecological Design: Domestic sewage: generally does not contain toxicity, and has a certain fertilizer effect, can be used to irrigate farmland.
Agricultural wastewater: different treatment methods are required to be divided into grey water and black water.

Renovation & Adaptive Reuse of the Liddell Bros. Packing Plant

The Heritage Site: Location: No.10, Qingdao Road, former British Concession Qingdao Road Historic and Cultural Block Hankou Cultural & Creative Valley

The Conservation: Goal I: Renovation to restore the spirit of space,

Goal II: Adaption to the new function.

Conservation Principles & Methodology:

• Authenticity & Integrity for Spirit of Place
• Sustainability in Various Dimensions
• Recognisability, Minimal intervention & Reversibility
• Structured Implementation
• Scientific Investigation & Documentation towards Collective Mapping of Cultural Space
• Assessment of Cultural Significance
• Planning for Heritage Conservation and Reuse
• Coordination and Negotiation among Different Stakeholders